

























## TO RAILROAD CANALS.

A Company Has Been Formed in New York City.

CAPITAL STOCK SAID TO BE \$5,000,000

Captain W. W. Goodrich Has Been Appointed Supervising Architect—He Believes That Success Is Assured.

A scheme, which if carried out, will make Georgia and Alabama two of the greatest states in the union, has been proposed by a syndicate of northern capitalists.

A stock company has been formed and a capital stock of \$5,000,000 has been inaugurated. The name of the company is the Alabama and Georgia Canal and Transportation Company. The work the company intends to undertake is a great one, which will result in great good to the two states mentioned in the title of the company. The company has been chartered under the laws of the state of New York.

To go along with this scheme is an extension—proposed—of the Georgia, Carolina and Northern road so as to give a splendid route from Atlanta to New Orleans with the Richmond and Danville's great run. But the first and most important of the schemes which this company says it has under foot is the establishment of lines of canals which will make the transportation accommodations in the section between Atlanta, Brunswick and Montgomery unexcelled.

In order to carry out the magnificent plans of the company it will be necessary to cut 150 miles of canal at least. It has been estimated, since the canal will run through swampy regions, that the cost per mile of cutting out the canal will be hardly more than \$5,000. The rivers that will be navigated are the Alabama, the Coosa, the Chattahoochee, the Altamaha, and the Savannah. The Chattahoochee is thirteen feet deep at the point near Atlanta where the canal will end.

The start of the canal will be on the Tennessee river about twenty-seven miles east of Decatur, Ala. The canal will extend to Birmingham and down the Coosa river to Montgomery and Selma. From Selma to Mobile and Dauphin Island.

A second branch will leave Montgomery and go to Columbus, passing through the city and then proceeding to Atlanta on the breast of the Chattahoochee. Then from Columbus to Hawkinsville, from Hawkinsville to Lumber City, Savannah and Brunswick.

About the Equipment of the Proposed Canal. The boats run on the proposed canal will be of steel and will make not only pretty little crafts but substantial freight boats. The propelling power will be a steam screw which will be operated by electricity. In order to do this the trolley system will be used along the portions where the canal is used. This system is very similar to the street car system. The canals will be the usual width which will admit of two wires being strung, making a kind of double track system.

It is understood that Inventor Edison is now at work upon a kind of steam engine that will be used in place of tug boats where the rivers are navigated. Mr. Edison believes that at a very small cost engines can be placed in the bow of the boat and can be made to generate enough electricity to run the boat. The boats will draw eight feet of water. This will necessitate the building of a number of locks. Three of these will be between Montgomery and Columbus and two will be placed between Atlanta and Columbus.

To Establish Two Plants. Along with the proposed extension and the building of the canal system, this company announces to establish at least two plants.

One of the plants will be at Mobile. This will be the steel ship building plant and will employ several hundred men. The other plant will be at Birmingham and will be the steel canal boat plant. Being in the very center of the iron region of the south, the boats can be put together at a minimum cost.

Where Cargoes Can Be Carried To. The company has proposed to take cargoes direct from Mobile, Brunswick, Savannah and Port Royal to Chicago, St. Paul, Sioux City and Little Rock. On the trip north the principal cargo may be rice and lumber from Georgia and from Alabama coal, iron and oysters.

On the return trip grain, cattle and farm produce will be taken to headquarters for the company. The immense advantage of a canal system can easily be seen. It is the canal system of New York state that has done so much to making it what it is, the Empire State.

Captain W. W. Goodrich, of Atlanta, has been appointed the company's architect with headquarters at the company's office. He is to establish a large number of warehouses, and the building of these will be under Captain Goodrich's special supervision.

## DR. SCOTT TONIGHT.

He Will Lecture at the First Methodist Church on "Travels in Samaria."

Dr. W. F. Scott will lecture tonight in the basement of the First Methodist church. His subject will be "Travels in Samaria," and it goes without saying that he will delightfully entertain the large crowd that will gather to hear him.

Dr. Scott is known, through his writings, all over the United States, and there is no contributor to the literature of the present day who yields a more accomplished pen than this veteran writer.

He will be assisted tonight by Dr. J. S. Hopkins, of the Technological school, and by Colonel Feltman, of the Supply South in a number of illustrative readings.

The lecture will be one of the most entertaining and instructive of the series which Dr. Scott has delivered. These lectures have been steadily growing in interest among the cultured people of the city, all of whom are glad of the opportunity of hearing the distinguished lecturer and scholar.

A number of tickets have been sold to the lecture tonight, and the probability is that Dr. Scott will be greeted with a full house.

## FIRE DEPARTMENT FLASHES.

The volunteer fire department, of Norristown, N. Y., has nearly finished the preparations for the trip through the south proposed by that company. As usual, Atlanta is one of the main objective points, and the ladies who have been prepared to treat them as they always do, their guests in a magnificent style. The company will probably reach here on Monday, bringing a brass band, a special train and about one hundred excursionists.

About 8:15 o'clock yesterday morning an alarm was turned into headquarters. House wagon No. 2 and No. 5 responded and the hook and ladder and chemical from No. 1. The fire was insignificant, amounting to nothing more than a small blaze in a lot of clothing in a closet. No damage.

Chief Jorney, who has been in New York for several days past, will return to the city today. It is understood that he has a carte blanche from the board of firemasters to buy everything that the department needs.

## FROM TWO TO SEVEN.

The Primary Ballot Boxes Will Be Open Between Those Hours on the 7th.

THE COMMITTEE OF SEVEN MEETS

And Arranges for the Primary—It Sets the Hours During Which the Voting Can Be Done, and Says Who Can Vote.

The committee of seven met yesterday morning in The Constitution building and perfected arrangements for the coming city primary.

Chairman Cabaniss, of the city executive committee, called the meeting to order and Mr. Forrest Adair, secretary of the city executive committee, called the roll, to which there were responses from:

Dr. Curran, of the first ward, representing Mr. James L. Mayson, a member of the committee.

Mr. Joe Gattins, of the second ward.

Mr. Sid Holland, of the third ward.

Mr. G. S. Brewster, of the fourth ward.

Mr. George E. Johnson, of the fifth ward.

Mr. George Hope, of the sixth ward.

Captain E. P. Howell, of the seventh ward.

Mr. G. W. Evans, ex-president of the industrial council, presented a paper suggesting the various rules to govern the election. It suggested that the polls be opened at 12 o'clock and closed at 7 o'clock.

The hours did not suit the committee and it required some discussion before the committee could come to an agreement as to the hours.

The question of qualification was raised and discussed at length. The whole matter was finally disposed of by the adoption of the following resolutions:

1. That the polls shall be opened at 12 o'clock p. m. and closed at 7 o'clock p. m. on the day of November next, in each of the six wards of the city, and in West End, to be known as the seventh ward, to select delegates to represent the several wards at a city nominating convention to be held November 8th, 1893, at the court-house, 7:30 o'clock p. m.

2. That the representation of each ward on the subcommittee shall select and furnish to the chairman of this committee by 10 o'clock a. m. on Saturday, the 21st instant, the names of three managers and three clerks for each ward, and also designate the persons holding the election, which shall be published in the daily papers.

3. That the managers shall certify to the correctness of the tally sheets kept in their respective wards after all votes have been counted, also that the managers for each ward shall meet at the courthouse at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, November 7th, to consider the vote and report the result to the subcommittee, and those receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected as delegates to represent their respective wards in said convention.

4. That all white citizens of Atlanta and West End shall be entitled to vote in this primary. The managers in each ward shall be judges of qualifications of voters, using the last registration lists as far as possible. Voters shall be required to vote in the ward in which they reside at the time of election.

5. That the delegates thus elected shall constitute a nominating convention, which shall assemble on the 8th of November, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., at the county courthouse, where they shall proceed to select suitable and popular candidates for alderman and councilman, one from each of the six wards, and one from West End for what will be the seventh ward.

6. That the expense of holding the primary in each ward be referred to the member of the subcommittee from such ward.

COURTHOUSE CULLINGS.

A petition to put Abe Foote & Bro. into the hands of a receiver was filed yesterday afternoon by Messrs. N. J. & T. A. Hammond and Colonel W. S. Thomson for creditors of the concern. The petition followed closely on the heels of a bill of sale given by Foote & Bro. to Mrs. Annie H. Sumner, the bill of sale was for their entire stock of goods, and the consideration was alleged as \$7,000.

The petition was filed by Langford Bros. & Co., et al. The petition alleges that the debt is due them by Foote & Bro., and that payment has been refused by them. Langford Bros. & Co. claim an account of \$12,711.81, which is paid due and payment refused. The Columbia Rolling Mills allege that the sum of \$208.08 is due them by Foote & Bro., and J. H. Sepon wants \$2,500.00 on a note paid, which remains unpaid. The petition alleges that a fraudulent transfer of the property of Foote & Bro. is about to be made and asks that they may get something as creditors.

A restraining order is prayed for and Judge Lumpkin granted the restraining order and a hearing of the injunction has been set for Saturday, October 21st. The application for a receiver for Foote & Bro. was quite a surprise in mercantile circles, as they have always had a high rating.

The Fulton county grand jury was in session yesterday long enough to find about fifteen indictments. Among the number, possibly fourteen were against the men pulled in a gambling establishment at 11-12 Marietta street, right before last. The indictments were followed in short order by bench warrants and sheriff Barnes soon had his office full of gentlemen who were engaged in bucking the tiger and breaking the bank at Monte Carlo on a small scale.

The board demanded in every case was \$300. All bond, Judge Richard Clark will hold in giving the parties found no difficulty in giving Monday and these gambling cases will be disposed of by him in the first thing. The penalty—the maximum—is \$1,000 or twelve months in the penitentiary, or both, in the discretion of the presiding judge.

Receiver Comer, of the Central Railroad and Banking Company, died at 8:30 yesterday against Attorney Patrick Callahan for an account on note. The allegations are that Mr. Callahan owes the amount of \$1,496.65 on a note bearing date and interest, payable in four months. The date is May 18, 1893.

Very little was done in either Judge Van Hook's or Judge Woodward's court. Judge Westmoreland adjourned until Friday. The motions of Matthey and McMillan were to have been heard yesterday afternoon, but were continued until Saturday afternoon by the judge.

The stock of goods of Wolfe & Co. was sold yesterday to the highest bidder. The bid of H. & A. L. Jones was accepted. The amount was \$3,700 cash.

Argument in the exactions to Special Master Moyers' report is still going on before Judge John L. Hopkins.

Mr. E. P. Wood has applied for admission to the bar. He will be examined on next Saturday.

C. E. Bethwell was appointed notary public yesterday by Judge Lumpkin.

The number of suits filed on return day (Tuesday) fell below the average.

Mr. Dooley's Explanation.

Editor Constitution—Referring to the notice appearing in your issue of today morning regarding the arrest of Mr. Oscar Murray, I desire to state, in justice to myself, that I am not indebted to Mr. Murray at all. I make it a rule to pay my men every Saturday night, and have never disappointed them. I do not believe in being too easy in making the arrests of this kind, but it is his third offense. I decided to bust for Mr. Murray, as well as for myself, to pursue the course I have taken in the past. I have forewarned him twice on his promise that he would not be guilty again.

M. J. DOOLEY.

Why should you complain of being tired and run down when Head's Sarsaparilla purifies your system and gives you the whole system. Try it, and you will feel as if made anew.

## CHEAP RATES.

Notice to Confederate Veterans, Their Families and Young Veterans.

Only twelve more days of the world's fair. Now is the time to get ready and go in body and see what you will never see again if you live to be a hundred years old. No other should miss this last opportunity of your life. Saturday 21st is the day.

## CONFEDERATE VETERAN.

## THE CITY'S LIGHTS.

President Atkinson, of the Georgia Electric Light Company, Talks.

HE GIVES SOME INTERESTING FIGURES

Which Show That Atlanta Is Getting Her Street Light Cheaper Than Any of the Cities in the South.

Mr. Dimmock's proposition to give Atlanta an electric plant of her own caused considerable talk yesterday and during the day the councilman from the fourth was the recipient of many compliments from friends.

Nearly every one with whom Mr. Dimmock talked favored the proposition.

But there are some who think the plant would not be a paying investment and are inclined to disagree with the gentleman from the fourth and with Mr. Stephens, who stands so near him in the fight for the plant.

Mr. Atkinson, president of the Georgia Electric Light Company, is of the opinion that the city could not light the city any cheaper than it is now being done by the contract, and he cites figures showing that the rate in Atlanta is much cheaper than it is in any city in the country. He was asked about the proposed change yesterday, and replied:

"I would say nothing about it as president of the Georgia Electric Light Company, but for the fact that Mr. Dimmock made a statement in his interview in this morning's paper in reference to our company which I cannot let go by unnoticed. He stated:

"That the city would save money by having its own plant, no one who knows anything about the lighting of the city will for a minute doubt. Why, the electric light company makes a profit of \$50 on each light it puts on the city line."

"Now who has dared Mr. Dimmock into this belief is hard to imagine. The statement is so absurd it is evident that somebody has imposed upon his credulity. The truth is that until the plant has been operated for a series of years so that the depreciation from wear and tear can in some way be determined, no other of this company and no one else can tell with any sort of accuracy anything about the profit being made. But, taking into consideration only fixed expenses, not including damage suits, depreciation or other extraordinary expenses that are liable to be incurred at any time, we are not making more than a small fraction of the profit claimed by Mr. Dimmock. There is, in fact, grave doubt whether we are making anything. Competent and careful experts who have made calculations for us have given their opinion that each light costs the city \$150.18 per year, or about \$150.18 per year, the price the city pays us. In a recent investigation by the city of Chicago expert testimony showed that an arc light for all night service cannot be run for less than \$146 per annum. Carefully compiled statistics brought up to the present date show that the average price paid by over 200 cities in this country is \$150.18 per year, which is \$20.45 per light per annum more than Atlanta pays."

"When we took this lighting contract we knew it would take some years to demonstrate whether it would pay us, the price being so low. Now we have had such experience that we are ready to sell our complete street lighting plant to the city very much cheaper than it can construct a new one. The only reason we can afford to continue our contract is that we have a great deal of business besides the city's and the expense of doing the street lighting is not so great as if we had that alone. The construction and management of an electric light plant is a very complicated and the closest and most business-like management under the very best conditions is necessary to make it profitable, and if the city thinks it can run the plant for less than \$150.18 per light per annum, speaking as the president of the Georgia Electric Light Company, I am perfectly willing for it to try it, but speaking as a taxpayer I should be very loath to see the city undertake it, because the experience of other cities, and I have the figures from nearly all of them, is very convincing that the management is never business-like, their cost of lighting far exceeds what it would be if done by a private company."

Mr. Dimmock is more than pleased with the endorsements he received yesterday, and says that he is going to push the matter as fast as possible.

"I do not know that we will do anything," said he yesterday, "more than investigate. If it would prove a money-losing scheme we would touch it, but if we should find that we could save money then it is our duty to go for it. I would not be in favor, however, of coming in opposition with electric light coming from the city with Atlanta. I mean I would not be willing for the city to furnish lights to any street in the city. All the city would do is to plan for it, to light the streets and the city buildings."

The committee will have a meeting Saturday afternoon.

## CUSTOM HOUSE CURRENTS.

The clerk's office, at the federal building, presented a tangled appearance yesterday. The tables, usually in the best of trim and the very picture of orderly arrangement, were turned about in the most irregular fashion, and everything about the room presented an aspect of confusion. The cause of this unusual sight was due to the putting in of a new safe. About a half-dozen men were working in this work, and the task was completed about midnight.

The heavy business of the federal court, during the last two weeks, has entailed a large amount of work upon the deputy clerks. At the end of each day's session the deputies have been dismissed, and the clerks' office for the purpose of making out as to the number of miles they have traveled, and to get an order on the marshal for the money.

Mr. Stewart, one of the deputies, has taken the plan for it, and the clerk's office has been put in a state to light the streets and the city buildings.

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## RATES COMING DOWN.

A Reduction of Six Dollars on Atlanta and Chicago.

BY THE E. T., VA. AND GA. RAILWAY

The Only Line Running Through Sleepers by Way of Cincinnati—\$20.40 for the Round Trip.

The long looked for and anxiously awaited reduction in rates to the world's fair has at last come, and, commencing today, the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia will sell round trip tickets between Atlanta and Chicago at a reduction of \$6, or \$20.40.

These tickets are good fifteen days from date of sale and are good to stop at Chattanooga, Cincinnati, Louisville and Indianapolis.

Only a few days more will the world's fair remain open, so that everybody should take advantage of the cheap rate and see the grandest exhibition ever opened to the public. No one can afford to miss it. The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia is the only line running through cars from Atlanta to Chicago, via Cincinnati, and the double daily train service is still in effect. "The World's Fair Limited" leaves Atlanta at 7 o'clock a. m., arriving at Chicago at 7:55 o'clock the next morning. The Chicago limited leaves at 2:10 o'clock p. m., arriving at Chicago at 5:15 o'clock the next evening. The choice of three routes beyond Cincinnati. Sleeping car reservations can be made three days in advance. Call on E. E. Kirby, ticket agent, corner Kimball house, or R. A. Williams, passenger and ticket agent, 42 Wall street, R. H. Tate, traveling passenger agent; J. C. Beane, traveling passenger agent; J. C. Farnsworth, district passenger agent. The popularity of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia's service is attested by the large number of prominent people patronizing it.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

October Term, 1893.

Order of circuits, with the number of cases remaining undisposed of:

Atlanta, 2; Tallapoosa, 19; Stone Mountain, 8; Coweta, 4; Middle, 7; Fint, 10; Augusta, 24; Oconee, 10; Chitwood, 13; Macon, 28; Putnam, 6; North, 14; Southwestern, 11; Newton, 14; Albany, 11; Northeastern, 9; South, 11; Wilkes, 10; Brunswick, 22; Rome, 29.

Proceedings Yesterday.

Arguments were heard in the following cases of the Atlanta circuit:

East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railway Company v. Head, Dorsey, Brewster & Howell, for plaintiff in error. W. M. Miller, Western and Atlantic Railway Company, Bigley, Reed, Berry & Foote, for plaintiff in error. Payne & Tye, by brief, contra.

Lewis v. Western and Atlantic Railway Company, R. J. Jordan, by brief, for plaintiff in error. Payne & Tye, by brief, contra. Holiday v. Lowry, Banking Company, for plaintiff in error. Arnold & Arnold, for plaintiff in error. Candler & Thomson, contra.

Western Union Telegraph Company v. Bates, Bigley, Reed and Berry, for plaintiff in error. Frank A. Arnold, contra. Green v. Ausley, Huber & Bateman and W. C. Glenn, for plaintiff in error. Candler & Thomson, contra.

Adjourning to this morning at 9 o'clock.

\$2,500. Harcan, \$2,000.

We offer for sale a central piece of property at a great sacrifice. Terms, \$1,000 cash, balance three years. This property is only one block from the capitol, one block from Georgia avenue, and only two blocks from Georgia railroad. It's worth \$5,000, but we are instructed to sell; must raise \$1,000; first one who comes gets a bargain.

HAMPTON & HERMAN, 12 Locust Street, oct18-2t

WOODBURY'S FACIAL SOAP

For the Skin, Scalp and Complexion. The result of 20 years' experience in treating the skin with a book on Dermatology with each cake. All druggists. Also Woodbury's Anti-septic Skin Soap and Lotion. oct18-2t

PERSONAL

Q. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades and furniture, 40 Marietta street. Phone 77. oct18-2t

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Alderman.

I am a candidate for alderman from the south side, subject to the action of the committee to be selected by ward primaries.

H. A. ROYNTON.

The friends of H. C. SAWYELL announce his name as a candidate for alderman from the south side at the ensuing city election.

oct18-2t

The Third Ward.

The friends of MR. JAMES CAMPBELL announce him as a candidate for the city council from the third ward. They will support him as the friend of economy and good government. Subject to citizens' movement.

oct18-2t

The Fourth Ward.

MR. WILLIAM J. CAMPBELL is announced by prominent citizens of the fourth ward and elsewhere as a candidate for the city council to succeed Mr. W. F. Hill.

Sixth Ward.

I AM a candidate for councilman from the sixth ward and hereby solicit the support of my friends and fellow citizens. John T. Moody. oct1



Diamonds,  
Watches,  
Solid Silver,  
Bridal Presents,  
Engraving Wedding  
Invitations.

J. P. STEVENS & Bro.,  
47 Whitehall street.

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busy  
b's.  
"b & b."

of course they're busy, why shouldn't they  
be? You want your money's worth—they  
give you that and more. The best "dollar  
a quart" whisky on earth, "Cleveland club  
whisky," absolutely pure, seven years old.

bluthenthal & bickart.

"b. & b."  
whiskies, etcetra, marietta and forsyth.  
at the new bridge.  
"canadian club."  
"schlitz beer, genuine."  
"four aces whisky."

HERE ARE SOME  
Of the names of patrons furnished  
with our Product during the last  
thirty days:

Mr. John W. Grant, Peachtree street,  
Atlanta.  
Mr. Green T. Dodd, Washington street,  
Atlanta.  
E. D. Latta, Esq., Charlotte, N. C.  
Mr. Will A. Barber, Chester, S. C.  
Mr. A. L. Mitchell, Athens, Ga.  
Mr. Julius A. Horne, Milledgeville, Ga.  
Professor J. N. Whitner, Lake City, Fla.  
and many others in all parts of the coun-  
try. MAX MANTLE CO.,  
117, 119 W. Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga.

20 Years of mar-  
velous success in the  
treatment of  
MEN and WOMEN.  
Dr. W. W. Bowes  
ATLANTA, GA.

SPERMATOCYTES IN  
Iron, Nervous, Blood  
and Skin Diseases.  
ARICOCELE and Hydrocele permanent-  
ly cured by cauterizing the sac with  
caustic. ERECTILE debility, seminal losses, de-  
fect of coitus, etc., cured at home, with no  
restriction of diet. TERMINAL, IMPOTENCE.—Those  
suffering from this are physically incapaci-  
tated and skin diseases, Syphilis and its effects,  
etc., cured. GONORRHOEA and Bladder trouble.  
Enlarged Prostate.  
Urethral Stricture permanently cured  
without cutting or cauterizing. Address  
Dr. W. W. Bowes, 21 Marietta St. Atlanta, Ga.

Encourage Home Industry.  
Only Home-Made  
PRESERVES,  
JAM AND JELLIES.

W. R. HOYT  
HAS  
RASPBERRY,  
PEACH,  
PEAR AND  
FIG

PRESERVES.  
QUINCE,  
SCUPEPONG,  
BLACKBERRY,  
PINEAPPLE,  
APPLE.

JELLY,  
BLACKBERRY JAM.  
Absolutely pure one pound of sugar to  
one pound of fruit and made at home.  
USE NO OTHER.

W. R. HOYT,  
Whitehall, and 325 to 329 Peachtree.

JAMES E. HICKEY,  
DEALER IN

Vehicles and Harness

and Dray Covers,  
ALABAMA STREET.

Blankets and  
S. H. ADAMS.

There is no bet-  
ter earth  
Purity  
at 12

## WALTER H. RHETT.

An Interesting Story of His Life and  
His Prospects,

AS TOLD BY ONE WHO KNEW HIM

He Was Doing Well, with Troops o  
Friends, Ready to Come to His Res-  
cue, and Was in No Need of Help.

An interesting story appears in The  
Huntsville, Ala., Daily Mercury.  
It is concerning the life and prospects  
of the late Walter H. Rhett, whose un-  
timely death is still remembered in Atlanta.

The article is as follows:  
Rhett, on the night of October 3d, in his law  
office, at Atlanta, Walter Horton Rhett, son  
of B. Barnwell Rhett and Josephine Horton,  
of Huntsville, Ala. Death was produced by a  
pistol shot through the heart, deliberately  
fired by his own hand.

After graduating at Harvard he supported  
himself handsomely by preparing young men  
to enter Harvard, Yale, etc., all of whom  
passed their examinations successfully. He  
paid his way to travel in Europe and to study  
law at Harvard, and also in the office of Bel-  
mont & Vinton, New York.

His first year's  
practice at Atlanta, where he settled in 1888,  
amounted to \$800, and from that time his in-  
come from the law ranged from \$2,400 to  
\$5,000 per annum. In the winter of 1892  
he had a severe illness, which kept him in  
bed nearly four months and then left him  
with rheumatism of the back and limbs and  
with gastric disorder. From these he never  
recovered. Until his income last year was  
\$2,400, and during the present year his legal  
friends say that to their knowledge he col-  
lected one fee of \$1,000 and another fee from  
the Stephen Ryan case of \$1,500.

Walter Rhett was a man of simple habits  
and pure life. He dressed plainly and was  
not addicted to the pleasures of the table.  
His intimates say he never gambled, bought  
fancy or expensive goods, or was in the habit  
of frequenting the theatre. In 1888 he married  
Miss Annie Raymond Reid, a bright and popu-  
lar young lady of Atlanta, daughter of Mr.  
Reid and granddaughter of Mr. Caldwell. He  
was a thoroughly faithful husband and spent  
his evenings at home when not accompanying  
his wife to entertainments.

In 1891 he was president of the South Caro-  
lina Club of Atlanta, and his friends as-  
sert that he took more strong drink than was  
good for him no one in Atlanta ever saw Walter  
Rhett show signs of intoxication in public, ex-  
pression, utterance or deportment. He re-  
signed from the club in 1892 and for eight  
months last year took no stimulants and for  
the last two months of his life took none.  
For fourteen months before his death he  
boarded with his mother-in-law, Mrs. John H.  
Jones, and during that period, in the in-  
firmity of family life, she never noticed that he  
had taken a drink.

Walter Rhett had a horror of debt, but  
while keeping himself in the Peachtree street  
behind some \$1,500 two years ago. Friends  
relieved him and the loan was refunded in a  
short time from the fees of his law office.  
The case of H. M. Isaacson against him for  
less than \$500, collected last March, and not  
settled, was pending when he killed himself.  
The financial panic since March paraly-  
sized business and rendered money hard to  
come by. But Walter Rhett had relatives and  
friends able to lend him the amount he need-  
ed. His business friends, however, better  
His brother, Dr. R. B. Rhett, Jr., of Charle-  
ston, told him if he ever wanted assis-  
tance to call on him. At this time Dr. Rhett  
had cash in bank more than double the  
amount required with credit to the tune of  
more, and Dr. Rhett promptly paid the Isaacson  
debt as soon as it came to his knowledge.  
Walter Rhett had devotedly trained friends  
communicating to either father, brother or  
friends the least intimation of this debt or  
of any trouble he may have had. Several  
friends in Atlanta were in condition and ready  
to help him arrange this comparatively small  
matter. Two of his lawyer friends happened  
to be in the court when the case against him  
was called, thus relieving it of it for the time  
being. Mr. Rhett was not present, and had  
no representative; therefore, one of these gen-  
tlemen appeared and arranged a continuance  
of the case, which was effected. On leaving  
the courtroom this friend went in terms of  
most friendly consideration, asking him to call  
at his office, as he was too pressed by business  
to call to see him and they would arrange to  
settle the matter. Mr. Rhett was not called  
on or any friendly communications in regard to  
the matter, and made absolutely no effort to  
obtain relief.

For more than a year his health had been  
impaired; and for some months past his  
suffering from rheumatism and gastritis had  
been greatly augmented. Those who saw  
him last in life described him as looking ill  
and in pain. The general testi-  
mony was that mentally he was not himself  
and had, of late, been greatly depressed and  
abstracted in manner.

He left no explanation. Hence all is con-  
jecture. But a man who had made this year  
\$2,500 perhaps more, but certainly that  
sum, with a comfortable income, without child-  
ren to provide for, with relatives and friends  
ready and willing to assist him, would not  
have killed himself. He was a devoted man,  
and his death was a great loss to his friends.  
Walter H. Rhett was one of the best edu-  
cated men in the south. In response to an  
inquiry made after the death of General Clay-  
ton, President Eliot, of Harvard university,  
recommended him for the presidency of the  
university of Alabama. In the spring of the  
law he was thorough. Devoted to his pro-  
fession he took delight in the study of his  
cases. His opinions upon legal points  
were sought in counsel by his brethren of the  
bar. His legal papers are said to be master-  
pieces. His speeches were clear, concise and mas-  
terly—free from rhetorical flourishes and deliv-  
ered in pure English. He believed the public  
competent to find and employ lawyers of abili-  
ty and character, and he hunted no practice.

From a bright, merry child he developed  
into a gentle, genial, self-pos-  
sessed, courageous and calm. He was sensi-  
tive and unobtrusive, reticent as to him-  
self and affairs, but charming in conversation.  
At the time of his death, it is believed, he  
had not an enemy in the world, and many  
friends were warmly attached to him for his  
valuable qualities. He made friends and kept  
them. The genial man whose house he  
boarded the last fourteen months of his life  
stated that during that period Mr. Rhett had  
not uttered an unkind word or made an  
impatient gesture; that he was one of the  
best bred men he had ever seen and was a  
general favorite of the household.

Safe, Sure and Speedy.  
No external remedy ever red deviced has so  
fully and unquestionably met these  
three prime conditions as successfully as  
Allcock's Porous Plasters. They are safe  
because they contain no deleterious drugs  
and are manufactured upon scientific prin-  
ciples of medicine. They are sure because  
nothing goes into them except ingredients  
which are exactly adapted to the purpose  
for which a plaster is required. They are  
speedy in their action because their medi-  
cal qualities go right to their work of re-  
lieving pain and restoring the natural and  
healthy performance of the functions of  
muscles, nerves and skin. Do not be de-  
ceived by misrepresentation. Ask for All-  
cock's and let no solicitation or explanation  
induce you to accept a substitute.

CHEAP RATES.

Notice to Confederate Veterans, Their Fam-  
ilies and Young Veterans.  
Only twelve more days of the world's fair.  
Now is the time to get ready and go in a  
body and see what you will never see again  
if you live to be a hundred years old. No  
one should miss this last opportunity of  
your life. Saturday 21st is the day.

CONFEDERATE VETERAN.  
Dr. Tupper's lecture "Rainbows and  
Circles of Gold" will take place at the  
Young Men's Christian Association hall  
Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. The indica-  
tions are that he will have a large and ap-  
preciative audience. Tickets can be ob-  
tained from Mr. R. S. Barrett and C. H.  
Swift, 43 Loyd street.

Athens, Ga.—Sir: My child, five years old,  
ad symptoms of worms. I tried calomel and  
other worm medicines, but without expelling  
any. Seeing Mr. Bala's certificate, I got a  
vial of your Worm Oil, and the first dose  
brought forty worms, and the second dose  
so many were passed I did not count them.

S. H. ADAMS.  
Smith's Worm Oil is safe, sure and elegant,  
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS  
Cures Dyspepsia, In-  
digestion & Debility.

Pure Georgia Corn  
Whisky, old and new,  
very old Peach and Apple  
Brandsies. The R. M  
Rose Co., 12 Marietta St

## IN THE JUG AGAIN.

Barnet Gittleson, the Little Tailor, Goes  
to the Stockade.

HIS WIFE AFTER HIM WITH A VENGEANCE

Has Him Arrested by the Police, and Is  
Preparing to Prosecute Him in  
the State Courts.

Station House Keeper Foute had a bright-  
eyed little caller yesterday afternoon. She  
was a pert little miss of eleven, with a mass  
of wavy-brown hair hanging over the shoul-  
ders of her Melton jacket and a face indi-  
cative of both character and will.

She tripped in gayly and raising herself  
on tip-toe she looked through the office  
window and tapped on the railing until the  
station house keeper glanced around.

"Have you got Mr. Gittleson here?" she  
asked. "Mamma sent me."  
"Gittleson, sir," she said; "he's a tailor,  
you know."

"Who is Gittleson?"

"Papa," she answered briefly, with a  
smile.  
"Well, papa Gittleson is not here, my lit-  
tle girl. He went to the stockade this after-  
noon."

"Oh, did he?" she asked pleasantly; "how  
long will he stay?"  
"Thirty days," she was told. She arched  
her little eyebrows as she comprehended the  
statement.

"Very well, sir," she said; "thank you,  
sir. That's all." Her heels came down  
upon the floor and she ran out.

Fifteen minutes later she ran in again.  
Once more she went up on tip-toe and  
tapped upon the rail.

"Mamma said did you get the warrant?"  
she asked this time.

"What warrant?" Dr. Foute asked.  
"Why the one mamma got for papa. She  
sent it to the captain."

The station house keeper looked over the  
batch of warrants and found one against  
Barnet Gittleson, the tailor.

"It's here," he said.

She started out again, but was stopped by  
a reporter.

"What is the warrant against your papa  
for?" she was asked.

"He treated her bad and hit her and tried  
to hit me when she asked him for some  
money," she declared warmly. "He don't  
do right; that's all."

She ran out declaring that she didn't like  
Atlanta at all.

It was another chapter in the story of  
Barnet Gittleson's devoted wife, which has  
been detailed at length in the papers. It  
will be remembered that Mrs. Gittleson and  
her little daughter suddenly appeared in At-  
lanta, coming from their home in New  
York, to make the treacherous husband pay  
for his desertion.

Gittleson, who is a tailor, and seems to  
have been rolling in comparative luxury  
while his wife was left unprotected in New  
York, was arrested and locked up.

His wronged wife was greatly stirred up  
and declared that she intended to see him  
punished. While he was under arrest at  
police headquarters she and her little  
daughter called daily to impress the fact  
upon him that he was being made to pay  
for his sin.

Gittleson settled the matter and was re-  
leased after a few days, however, and then  
followed a short period of tranquillity. But  
this week the trouble broke out in a new  
form and Gittleson's stockade life began  
yesterday was the outgrowth of it.

Mrs. Gittleson and her little daughter  
went to his tailor shop and asked him for  
some money. The nature of the request  
didn't please the desolate, benighted and  
made a harsh response to it. Then, it is  
said, that some unpleasant words were ex-  
changed and Gittleson struck his wife three  
or four times and tried to strike the little  
girl, but she was too quick for him and  
sprang out of his reach.

Mrs. Gittleson left the place and found  
Captain Thompson, to whom she reported  
the occurrence and requested that he take  
official cognizance of it. He arrested the  
tailor and the latter was given a thirty  
days' sentence in the stockade by the re-  
corder for striking his young wife.

Tailor Gittleson was either unable or un-  
willing to pay the fine and went to the stock-  
ade. But this was not vengeance enough  
for the wife. She went before Justice  
Bloodworth and swore out a warrant for  
the husband, charging him with assault.  
This warrant was left at police headquar-  
ters and under it Gittleson will be held  
when his term at the stockade expires. Mrs.  
Gittleson may be trusted to remain in the  
city and see the case through.

LEMON ELIXIR.

A Pleasant Lemon Tonic.  
For biliousness, constipation, malaria  
colds and the grip.  
For indigestion, sick and nervous head-  
aches.  
For sleeplessness, nervousness and heart  
disease, take Lemon Elixir.

Ladies, for natural and thorough organic  
regulation, take Lemon Elixir.  
Dr. Moyley's Lemon Elixir is prepared  
from the fresh juice of lemons combined  
with other vegetable liver tonics and ca-  
thartics. 50c and \$1 bottles at druggists.

Prepared only by Dr. H. Moyley, At-  
lanta, Ga.

Ladies take Angostura Bitters generally  
when they feel low spirited. It brightens  
them up. Dr. Seibert & Sons, sole manufac-  
turers. At all druggists.

Mornings—Beecham's Pills with a drink of  
water.

The Berlitz School of Languages, 17 E. Can-  
ton.  
The best native teachers have been en-  
gaged to teach French, Spanish and Ger-  
man. The Berlitz method is the only prac-  
tical way of learning thoroughly how to  
speak, read and write a foreign language.  
In order to grade the students, new classes  
are formed every week. Trial lessons  
free. Write for circular or apply to  
B. COLLANGE,  
ED. WELLSHOFF,  
Directors.

A Sore Throat or Cough, if suffered to pro-  
gress, often results in an incurable throat or lung  
trouble. "Brown's Bronchial Trochees" give instant  
relief.

I consider "Smith's Worm Oil" the best  
worm medicine sold. It is infallible, never  
failing to bring the worms, and I always re-  
scribe it in preference to anything else. It is a  
God-send to the public.  
M. C. MARTIN, M. D.

FOR RENT  
Several nice rooms on second floor of  
Constitution building. Can be made into a  
suite of offices or changed to suit desirable  
tenant. Apply at Constitution business of-  
fice.

By direction of the chairman finance com-  
mittee on advertisements for tax sales will be  
made before November 1, 1893.  
E. S. MCANDLESS, City Marshal.

KELLAM & MOORE,  
Scientific Opticians,  
54 Marietta street, opposite postoffice.  
set up and operated the first lens-grinding  
machinery ever brought into this section,  
and have been the first to introduce every  
improvement. Their retail saleroom  
is at 54 Marietta street, opposite postoffice.

These mornings are coolish.

The crisp air suggests the advent of frosty Boreas.

That makes you think of heavier Suits and Overcoats.

The complementary thought should be of Eads-Neel Co.  
You err if you skip this stock.

We've skimmed the market and secured the cream of  
various factories that are famous the world over.

Be fair to yourself and discriminate—in our favor—of  
course.

You'll find styles and prices here as they ought to be—  
and the biggest, brightest store in the south, as well.

What more could be asked?

Eads-Neel Co.

CLOTHIERS, HATTERS, FURNISHERS.

39-41 Whitehall Street. 32-34 S. Broad Street.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of  
millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing.

It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children  
the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It  
gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have  
something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a  
child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.

Castoria allays Feverishness.

Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.

Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.

Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.

Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.

Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.

Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels,  
giving healthy and natural sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.

Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise  
that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile  
signature of J. C. H. Fletcher is on every  
wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A POOR BAR-  
GAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO

BAILEY & CARROLL

Successors to ROSE & BAILEY Jobbers.

Fine Wines  
—AND— Whiskies!

OLD MELLOW CORN WHISKY.

43 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.

P. S.—We are overstocked; must sell our goods,  
Simon pure, bought from the largest distillers in the  
United States. Call or write us. We will convince  
you our prices are less than any house in the south.

PLUMBING  
Gas Fitting  
—AND—  
STEAM HEATING.  
—ARE—  
Our Specialties.  
Estimates Furnished  
We also manufacture all  
kinds of  
GALVANIZED IRON  
Cornices, Finials and  
Window Caps.

Get our prices before you buy.  
WINCATE & MELL,  
82 and 84 N. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

These mornings are coolish.

The crisp air suggests the advent of frosty Boreas.

That makes you think of heavier Suits and Overcoats.

The complementary thought should be of Eads-Neel Co.  
You err if you skip this stock.

We've skimmed the market and secured the cream of  
various factories that are famous the world over.

Be fair to yourself and discriminate—in our favor—of  
course.

You'll find styles and prices here as they ought to be—  
and the biggest, brightest store in the south, as well.

What more could be asked?

## PREPARE YOURSELF FOR THE WEATHER CLOTHING!

As far as variety is concerned ours is the store  
where the toddler in kilt skirts and the heavy weight  
of two hundred and fifty pounds meet on equal  
footing. Our stock of Men's and Boys' Suits are  
just the things for style and comfort. Price, too,  
figures lagrely. Don't lose sight of our Hat and  
Furnishing Department. Underwear in immense  
variety—warm and comfortable. Not too early to  
think of an Overcoat. We have them.

HIRSCH BROS., 44 Whitehall St.

PLANE & FIELD

SELL  
AMERICAN  
LUMP at \$3.75 PER  
TON.

Telephone, No. 354. West Alabama Street and Central Railroad

seps 22m un Hirsch

COAL \$3.50!

and up. Send in your order and try us and be convinced that we sell the best and  
most elegant coal to be had, or have your money refunded if this statement is not  
true.

PHONE No. 203. SCIPLE SONS.

R. O. CAMPBELL,

ATLANTA, GA.

Wholesale and Retail Shipper and Dealer in

Anthracite,  
Montevallo,  
Jellico,  
Splint,  
COAL.

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OFFICE AND WORKS,  
Means Street W. and A. R.

ATLANTA, GA., ELEVATORS

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Wedding Invitations.  
Calling Cards, Etc.

In the Highest Style Known  
to the Art!

MAIER & BERKELE

31 & 93 Whitehall Street.

Mill. Railroad. Machine Shop

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Mining Supplies.  
Metal and Woodworking  
MACHINERY.

Corrugated, V Crimped  
and Standing Seam Roof-  
ing.

The Brown & King  
Supply Company.

Wrought Iron Pipe, Fittings and  
Brass Goods. Pipe cut to Speci-  
fications. Asbestos Pipe Cover-  
ing and Cement.

47 and 49 S. BROAD STREET.

Trunks and Traveling Bags.

A Full Line of LEATHER NOVELTIES.  
A BONA FIDE REDUCTION OF

25 PER CENT.

LIEBERMAN & KAUFMANN,  
92 and 94 Whitehall Street.

GEORGIA FEMALE SEMINARY  
AND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

A splendidly equipped school for young ladies. Elegant brick buildings with all  
modern comforts. Accommodates 150 boarders. Finest music and art advantages in  
the south. Thorough literary course. Reasonable rates. Address  
A. W. VANHOUSE or  
S. J. FEARCE, Gainesville, Ga.